This or That or Something else?

Making decisions to conduct HCD research

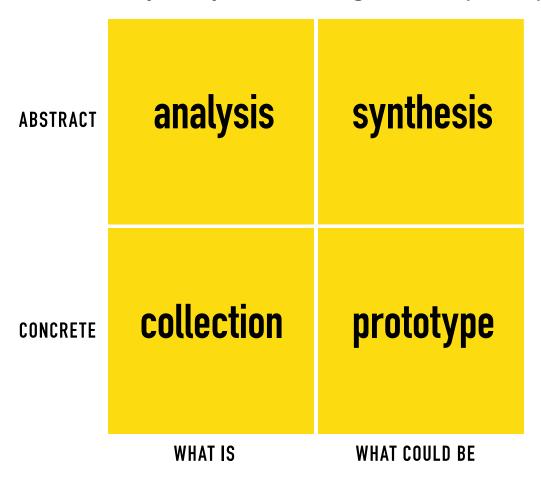


HCD Series - Sept 6, 2024
Bridget Hawryluk, MFA
Human-Centered Design Researcher



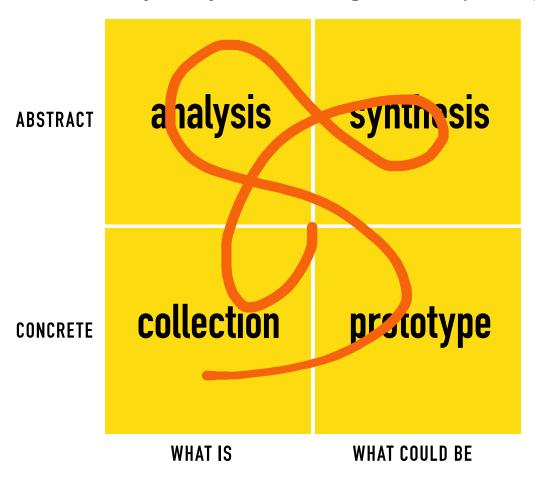






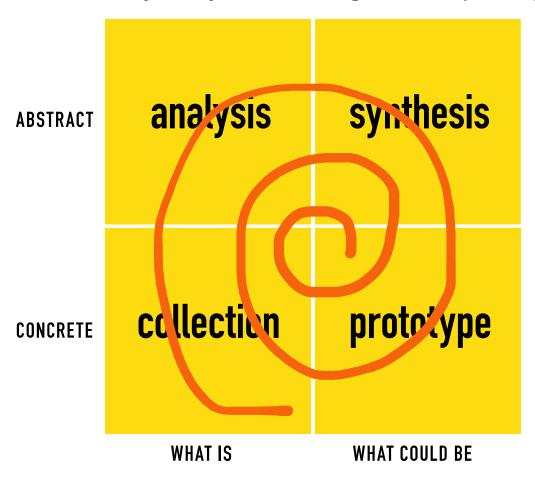
Kumar, V: <u>101 Design Methods: A Structured</u> <u>Approach for Driving Innovation in Your</u> <u>Organization</u>, 2013





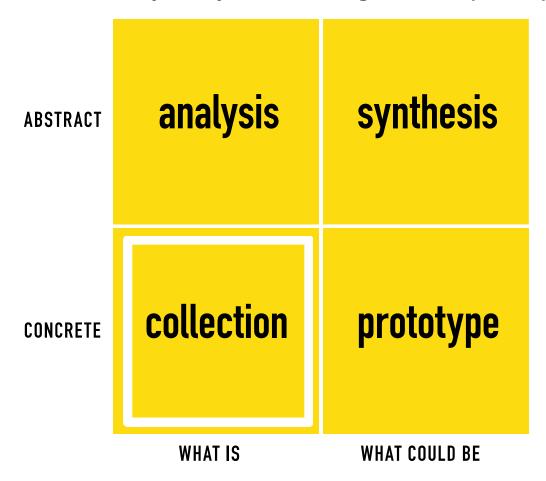
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Kumar, V: <u>101 Design Methods: A Structured</u> Approach for Driving Innovation in Your <u>Organization</u>, 2013

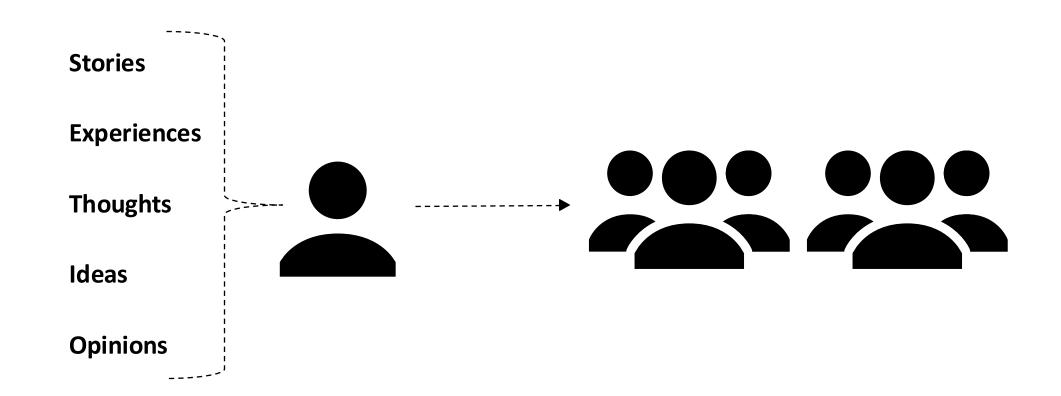




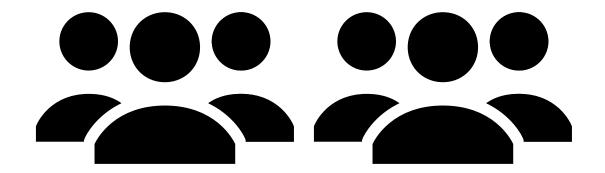
Kumar, V: <u>101 Design Methods: A Structured</u> <u>Approach for Driving Innovation in Your</u> <u>Organization</u>, 2013



What COLLECTION means to HCD







8-12 participants per group

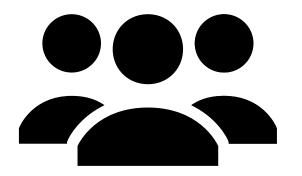
Smaller numbers in qualitative research is preferable because it allows researchers to study concepts in more detail.¹

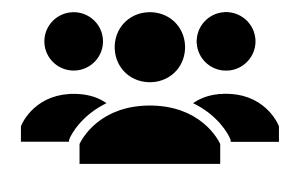
It is believed that valid and rich information can be generated as a result of participants' willingness to express without inhibition. As a rule of thumb, the ideal group size is 4 to 12 participants ²

¹ Baum, F: <u>The New Public Health</u>, 2000

² Tang, KC and Davis, A. <u>Critical Factors in the</u> <u>Determination of Focus Group Size</u>, 1995







Break out groups

- 4-5 people per group
- Separating to
 - get deeper conversation in smaller groups
 - see different populations perspectives
 - develop ideas then share with larger group



CHOOSING METHODS













- Explore
- Create
- Test

Individual vs Group

- Journal
- Workbooks
- Toolkits
- Surveys
-
- Jams





In person vs Virtually

- Jams with snacks!
-
- Video Jam
- Online survey
- Forum
- Online collection platform

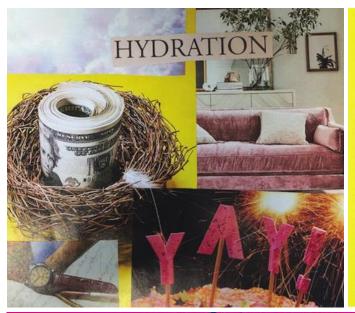




Funding & Timeline

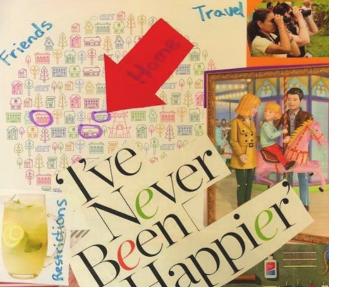
 What constraints are we designing within?









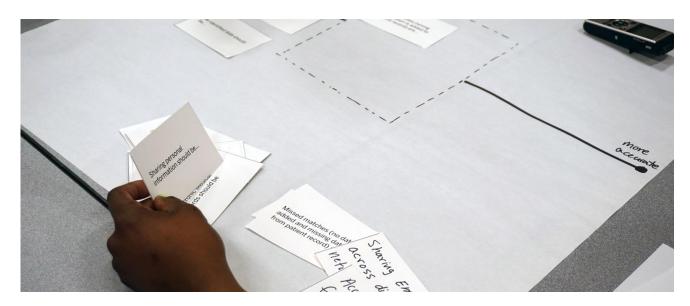


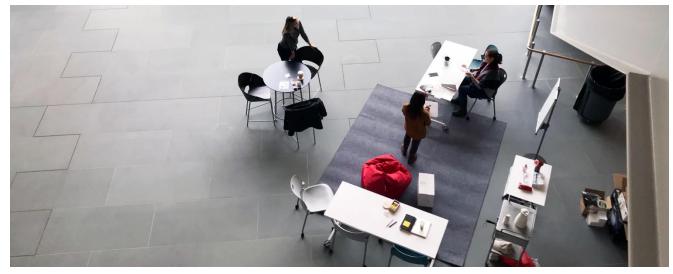






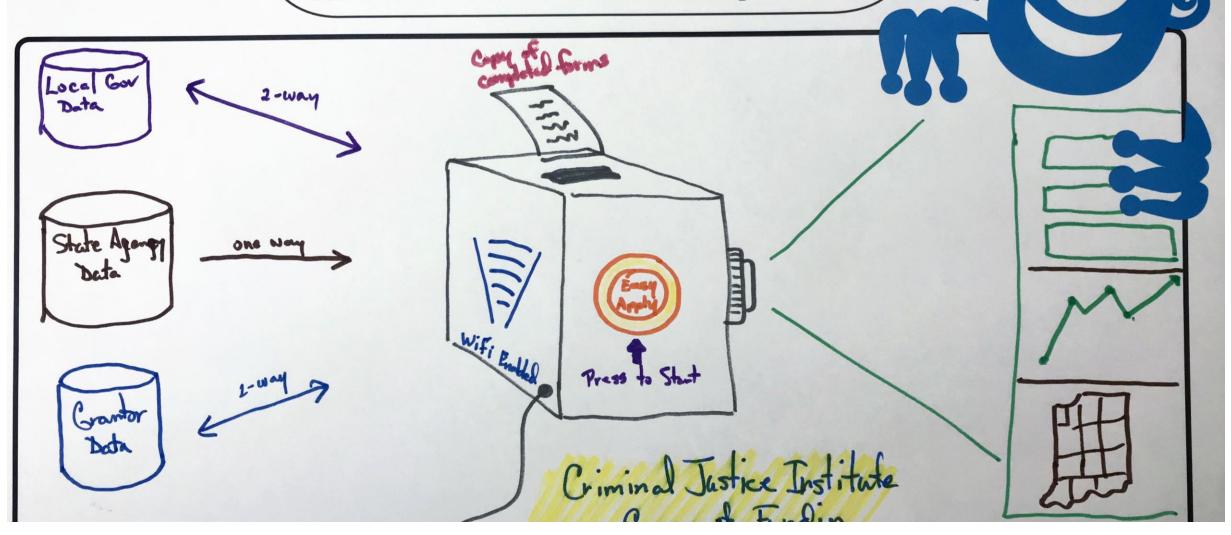




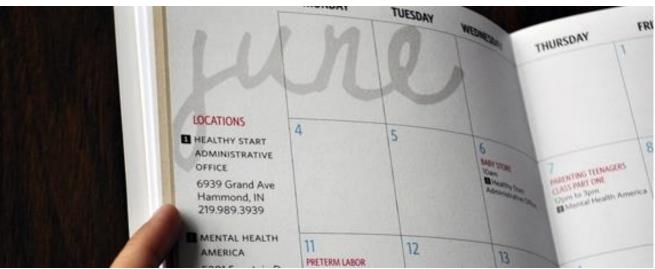


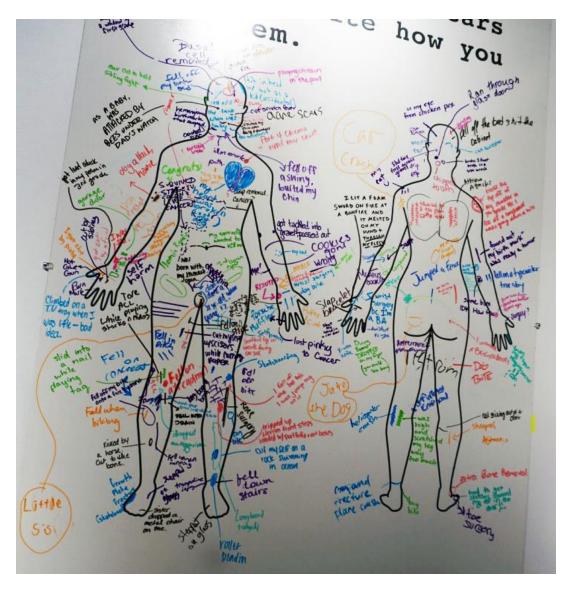


Greetings earthling! I have on my planet an amazing device that perfectly meets your needs and I want to share it with you!









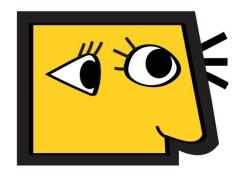
READY TO TRY?

Let's collect some data!

Explore methods

Make an award!

Think about where you'll be in 10 years... What if you got an award for your work? What is the award for?





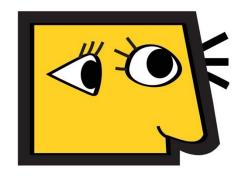
Explore methods

Random Image Generator (Collage)

Pull up several random images. Ask people to select one to help them answer a question. Continue with follow up questions to learn more from them.

Here's our prompt: ...

Here's a good site for getting images: https://randomwordgenerator.com/picture.php





Select one image to illustrate the value of using HCD in the Midwest.







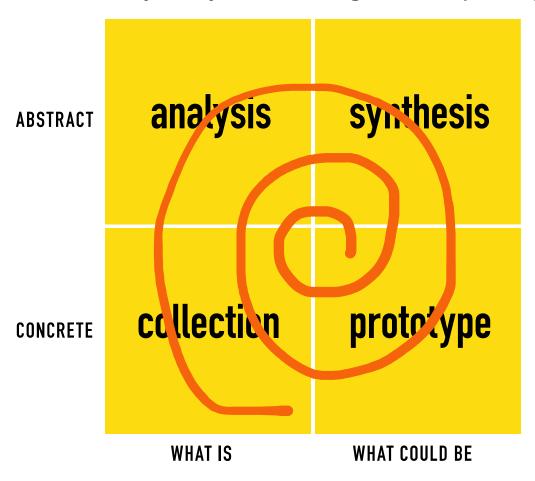












Kumar, V: <u>101 Design Methods: A Structured</u> Approach for Driving Innovation in Your <u>Organization</u>, 2013



- 1. Human-centered design is qualitative
- 2. It values empathy, collaboration, diverging/converging at the right times, comfort with ambiguity, and involving the affected community throughout the process.
- The four main stages are Data Collection, Analysis, Synthesis, and Prototyping.
 This process is iterative.
- 4. Each stage has specific methods and the values are implemented throughout.
- 5. Community members affected by the topic are involved as much as possible throughout the process.